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	MODDIC LAMA CDOLLD				
1	MORRIS LAW GROUP   Rosa Solis-Rainey, Bar No. 7921				
2	Email: rsr@morrislawgroup.com Raleigh C. Thompson, Bar No. 11296 Email: rct@morrislawgroup.com				
3					
4	900 Bank of America Plaza 300 South Fourth Street				
5	Las Vegas, NV 89101 Telephone: (702) 474-9400				
6	Facsimile: (702) 474-9422				
7	Attorneys for Defendant				
8	American Reliable Insurance Company				
9	UNITED STATES D	NCTDICT COLIDT			
10	UNITED STATES L	DIRICI COURT			
11	DISTRICT OF	FNEVADA			
12					
13	ROBERT MORRIS,	Case No:			
14	Plaintiff,				
15	v.	NOTICE OF REMOVAL			
16	GREEN TREE SERVICING, LLC, a				
17	Delaware Limited Liability Company; AMERICAN RELIABLE				
18	INSURANCE COMPANY d/b/a				
19	ASSURANT,				
20	Defendants.				
21					
22	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Am	erican Reliable Insurance Company			
23	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that American Reliable Insurance Company ("ARIC"), pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1441, and 1446, removes the above				
24	captioned case from the District Court in and for Clark County, Nevada, in				
25	which court this case was commenced	•			

the District of Nevada. The grounds for removal are as follows:

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#### I. THE REMOVED CASE.

- 1. Plaintiff filed this action against Defendant Green Tree Servicing, LLC ("Green Tree") and two co-defendants who have since been dismissed on or about March 27, 2013, in the District Court in and for Clark County, Nevada. The case is docketed as A-13-678665-C. Plaintiff filed the First Amended Complaint ("FAC") on October 23, 2014, adding ARIC as an additional defendant.
- The FAC alleges the following twenty-one claims for relief 2. against Green Tree individually or against Green Tree and ARIC jointly, including: (1) breach of contract; (2) breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; (3) intentional misrepresentation; (4) breach of fiduciary duty; (5) accord and satisfaction; (6) accounting of funds; (7) conversion; (8) civil conspiracy; (9) violation of the federal Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act ("RICO"); (10) & (11) violation of Nevada's racketeering statutes; (12) violation of the federal Truth in Lending Act ("TILA"); (13) violation of the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act ("RESPA"); (14) violation of Nevada's Deceptive Trade Practices Act; (15) violation of Nevada's Unfair Lending Practices Act; (16) wrongful foreclosure; (17) violation of the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act ("FDCPA"); (18) violation of the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act ("FCRA"); (19) violation of Nevada's foreclosure process; (20) violation of Nevada's mortgage lenders statute; and (21) statutory damages for violations of the various aforementioned statutes.
- 3. This action is removable under 28 U.S.C. § 1441(b), in that it is a civil action arising under the Constitution, treaties or laws of the United States. This Court has original jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
  - 4. Green Tree's counsel has consented to this removal.

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II.	ARIC HAS SATISFIED THE PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS
	FOR REMOVAL.

- 5. As required by 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a), ARIC attaches copies of all process, pleadings, and orders served upon ARIC, including the summons and FAC as Exhibit A.
- 6. The FAC was served on ARIC on November 3, 2014. Therefore, this Notice of Removal is timely filed under 28 U.S.C § 1446(b) because it is filed within 30 days of receipt of the initial pleading.
- 7. The time for ARIC to answer, move, or otherwise plead has not yet expired.
- Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 108 and 1441(a), because the United States District Court for the District of Nevada is the federal judicial district embracing the District Court of Clark County, Nevada, where this action was originally filed.
- Concurrent with the filing of this Notice, ARIC is serving this 9. written Notice on Plaintiff's counsel and filing a copy of the Notice with the Clerk of the District Court of Clark County, Nevada, as required by 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d).
- By filing a Notice of Removal in this matter, ARIC does not 10. waive the right to object to service of process, the sufficiency of process, jurisdiction over the person, or venue, and ARIC specifically reserves the right to assert any defenses and/or objections to which it may be entitled

#### REMOVAL IS PROPER BECAUSE THIS COURT HAS SUBJECT III. MATTER JURISDICTION UNDER 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 AND 1441. Federal Question Jurisdiction

Removal is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because Plaintiff's claims arise under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States. This Court has original jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, and ARIC is entitled to remove to this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1441(b), because

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Plaintiff has brought federal law claims arising under RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1961 et seq.; TILA, 15 U.S.C. § 1601 et seq.; RESPA, 12 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq.; the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. §1692 et seq.; and the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 et seq.. See Cook Inlet Region, Inc. v. Rude, 690 F.3d 1127, 1130 (9th Cir. 2012) ("The general federal question jurisdiction statute, 28 U.S.C. § 1331, grants federal district courts 'original jurisdiction of all civil actions arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States."") Here, the Court has federal-question jurisdiction because the Complaint, on its face, raises the question of whether the ARIC and Green Tree's alleged conduct violated several federal laws. See Ultramar Am. Ltd. v. Dwelle, 900 F.2d 1412, 1414 (9th Cir. 1990) (stating that the existence of federal question jurisdiction is ordinarily determined from the face of the complaint).

### Supplemental Jurisdiction

12. The Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state-law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a). Because all of Plaintiff's state-law claims arise from the same LPI placement as the federal claims, the Court has supplemental jurisdiction over all state-law claims. See Gilder v. PGA Tour, Inc., 936 F.2d 417, 421 (9th Cir. 1991) (jurisdiction over state claims exists when the federal claim is sufficiently substantial to confer federal jurisdiction, and there is "a common nucleus of operative fact between the state and federal claims"); Hart v. Bank of Am. NA, No. 12-56434, 2014 WL 2979236, at \*1 (9th Cir. 2014) (plaintiffs' FDCPA claim gave the court federal jurisdiction over the entire action, including state-law claims arising out of the same loan transaction and foreclosure proceedings). See also Emrich, 846 F.2d at 1196 (noting that a plaintiff is the master of his complaint and should not assert a parallel federal right if he desires to remain in state court). The claims over which the Court may exercise supplemental jurisdiction thus arise from the same nucleus of operative

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facts as the	claims or	ver which t	he Court r	nay exercise	e federal-c	luestior
jurisdiction	l <b>.</b>					

13. Moreover, a state-law claim is deemed as one arising under the law of the United States where such state-law claim "implicate[s] significant federal issues." Grable & Sons Metal Prod. v. Darue Engineering & Mfg., 545 U.S. 308, 312 (2005); see also Merrell Dow Pharm., Inc. v. Thompson, 478 U.S. 804, 808 (1986) (a case arises under federal law "where the vindication of a right under state-law necessarily turn[s] on some construction of federal law"). Here, Plaintiff brings several state-law counterparts to his federal claims; as a result, those state-law claims necessarily turn on the construction and application of federal law. For example, the Nevada Supreme Court has said that "Nevada's anti-racketeering statutes . . . are patterned after the federal [RICO] statutes." Hale v. Burkhardt, 764 P.2d 866, 867 (Nev. 1988). Further, the Court has held that certain aspects of federal RICO law are relevant to the interpretation of Nevada's RICO statutes. See, e.g., Allum v. Valley Bank of Nevada, 849 P.2d 297, 301 (Nev.), cert. denied, 510 U.S. 857 (1993) (applying federal RICO causation analysis).

#### IV. CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated above, ARIC respectfully removes this action from the District Court in and for Clark County, Nevada, bearing Case No. A678665, to this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1441.

MORRIS LAW GROUP

By: Rosa Solis-Rainey, Bar No. 7921 Raleigh C. Thompson, Bar No. 11296 900 Bank of America Plaza 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorney for American Reliable Insurance Company

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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE					
2	Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(b) and Section IV of District of Nevada					
3	Electronic Filing Procedures, I certify that I am an employee of MORRIS					
4	LAW GROUP, and that the following documents were served via electronic					
5	service: NOTICE OF REMOVAL					
6	TO:					
7	Zachariah B. Parry, Bar No. 11677					
8 9	PICKARD PARRY PFAU 10120 South Eastern Avenue, Suite 140					
10	Attorney for Plaintiff					
11	Robert Morris					
12	Michael R. Brooks, Bar No. 7287					
13	BROOKS BAUER LLP 1645 Village Center Circle, Suite 200					
14	Las Vegas, Nevada 89134					
15	Attorneys for Defendant Green Tree Servicing, LLC					
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17	DATED this 2nd day of December, 2014.					
18	Diffib this zita day of December, 2014.					
19	By: Goralgaels					
20	By: (1010)					
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